

GRADUATION FROM LDC CATEGORY

HISTORICAL BACKGROUND*

COUNTRIES RECOMMENDED FOR GRADUATION	ACTION BY THE CDP	ACTION BY ECOSOC	ACTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
<p>BOTSWANA</p> <p>graduated in 1994</p>	<p>1991</p> <p>Revised criteria for inclusion and graduation and identified Botswana for graduation (E/1991/32)</p> <p>1994</p> <p>Recommended to be graduated from the list immediately (E/1994/22)</p>	<p>1994</p> <p>Decided to transmit the CDP recommendation to the GA for approval (Decision 1994/225 of 15 July 1994)</p>	<p>1991</p> <p>Took note of the CDP finding that Botswana be graduated and</p> <p>Decided that its graduation will be completed following a transition period of three years (A/RES/46/206 of 20 December 1991)</p> <p>1994</p> <p>Endorsed the CDP recommendation to graduate Botswana from the list with immediate effect (A/RES/49/133 of 19 December 1994)</p>

COUNTRIES RECOMMENDED FOR GRADUATION	ACTION BY THE CDP	ACTION BY ECOSOC	ACTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
VANUATU <i>will graduate in 2020</i>	<p>1997 Recommended to be graduated from the list with immediate effect (E/1997/35)</p> <p>2000 Noted that Vanuatu fully met only one criterion (pc GDP) and consequently was not now recommended for graduation (E/2000/33)</p> <p>2006 Found Vanuatu eligible for graduation for the first time (E/2006/33)</p> <p>2009 Reiterated its eligibility but did not recommend Vanuatu for graduation (E/2009/33)</p> <p>2012 Recommended for graduation (E/2012/33)</p>	<p>1997 Endorsed the CDP recommendation (Decision 1997/223 of 18 July 1997)</p> <p>1998 Decided to postpone its consideration until a CDP report on a vulnerability criterion has been submitted (Resolution 1998/39 of 30 July 1998)</p> <p>2012 Endorsed the CDP recommendation that Vanuatu be graduated and recommended that the GA take note (E/RES/2012/32 of 27 July 2012)</p>	<p>1997 Decided to postpone its consideration... [pending further examination of the usefulness of a vulnerability criterion for the designation of LDCs] (A/RES/52/210 of 18 December 1997)</p> <p>2013 Took note of ECOSOC endorsement of CDP recommendation that Vanuatu be graduated and decided to provide Vanuatu, on an exceptional basis, with an <u>additional preparatory period of one year</u> before the start of the 3-year preparatory period leading to graduation (A/RES/68/18 of 4 December 2013)</p> <p>2015 Decided to extend by an <u>additional 3-year</u> period, until 4 December 2020, the preparatory period, before graduation occurs (A/RES/70/78 of 9 December 2015)</p>

COUNTRIES RECOMMENDED FOR GRADUATION	ACTION BY THE CDP	ACTION BY ECOSOC	ACTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
<p>MALDIVES</p> <p>graduated in 2011</p>	<p>2000</p> <p>Recommended for graduation (E/2000/33)</p> <p>2001</p> <p>Recommended that Council extend the transition period until 2003 before a decision is taken by the GA (E/2001/33)</p> <p>2003</p> <p>Stated that Maldives qualified for graduation (E/2003/33)</p> <p>2009</p> <p>Noted the continued positive development progress of Maldives and reiterated the importance for Maldives to develop a smooth transition strategy with support of development partners (E/2009/33)</p>	<p>2000</p> <p>Decided to defer to its next substantive session and requested CDP to re-examine its recommendation (Resolution 2000/34 of 28 July 2000)</p> <p>2001</p> <p>Decided to extend the transition period until next triennial review in 2003 and requested CDP to continue work on re-examination of its recommendation (Resolution 2001/43 of 24 October 2001)</p> <p>2002</p> <p>Reiterated Resolution 2001/43</p> <p>2003</p> <p>Decided to defer consideration of the question of Maldives to its resumed session (Decision 2003/281 of 24 July 2003)</p> <p>2004</p> <p>Decided to take a decision at its substantive session of 2004 (Resolution 2004/3 of 3 June 2004)</p> <p>Endorsed the recommendation that Maldives be graduated and recommended that the GA take note (Resolution 2004/67 of 5 November 2004)</p>	<p>2004</p> <p>Took note of the CDP recommendation that Maldives be graduated (A/RES/59/210 of 20 December 2004)</p> <p>2005</p> <p>Decided to defer for a <u>period of 3 years</u> until 1 January 2008, the commencement of the 3-year smooth transition period for graduation and underlined the unique nature of this decision due to unprecedented natural disaster (A/RES/60/33 of 30 November 2005)</p>

COUNTRIES RECOMMENDED FOR GRADUATION	ACTION BY THE CDP	ACTION BY ECOSOC	ACTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
CABO VERDE graduated in 2007	<p>2003</p> <p>Stated that Cabo Verde qualified for graduation (E/2003/33)</p>	<p>2003</p> <p>Decided to defer consideration of the question of Cabo Verde to its resumed session (Decision 2003/281 of 24 July 2003)</p> <p>2004</p> <p>Decided to take a decision at its substantive session of 2004 (Resolution 2004/3 of 3 June 2004)</p> <p>Endorsed the recommendation that Cabo Verde be graduated and recommended that the GA take note (Resolution 2004/67 of 5 November 2004)</p>	<p>2004</p> <p>Took note of the CDP recommendation that Cabo Verde be graduated (A/RES/59/210 of 20 December 2004)</p>
SAMOA graduated in 2014	<p>2006</p> <p>Recommended for graduation (E/2006/33)</p> <p>2009</p> <p>Noted the continued positive development progress of Samoa and reiterated the importance for Samoa to develop a smooth transition strategy with support of development partners (E/2009/33)</p>	<p>2006</p> <p>Decided to defer to its organizational session (Decision 2006/266 of 15 December 2006)</p> <p>2007</p> <p>Endorsed the CDP recommendation that Samoa be graduated and recommended that the GA take note (Resolution 2007/35 of 27 July 2007)</p>	<p>2007</p> <p>Took note of ECOSOC decision to endorse CDP recommendation that Samoa be graduated (A/RES/62/97 of 17 December 2007)</p> <p>2010</p> <p>Decided to extend by a <u>period of 3 years</u>, until 1 January 2014, the transition period Samoa was benefitting from, until 16 December 2010, before graduation, and underlined the exceptional nature of its decision (A/RES/64/295 of 7 September 2010)</p>

COUNTRIES RECOMMENDED FOR GRADUATION	ACTION BY THE CDP	ACTION BY ECOSOC	ACTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
EQUATORIAL GUINEA graduated in 2017	<p>2009 Found it qualified for graduation (E/2009/33)</p> <p>2012 Noted with concern that the GA had not yet taken action (E/2012/33)</p>	<p>2009 Endorsed the CDP recommendation that Equatorial Guinea be graduated and recommended that the GA take note (Resolution 2009/35 of 31 July 2009)</p> <p>2011 Recalled its endorsement of CDP recommendation that Equatorial Guinea be graduated and reiterated its recommendation that the GA take note (Resolution 2011/20 of 27 July 2011)</p> <p>2012 Recalled its endorsement (made since 2009) of CDP recommendation that Equatorial Guinea be graduated and urged the GA to take note (E/RES/2012/32 of 27 July 2012)</p>	<p>2013 Took note of the ECOSOC endorsement of the CDP recommendation that Equatorial Guinea be graduated and decided to provide it, on an exceptional basis, <u>with additional preparatory period of 6 months</u> before the start of the 3- year preparatory period before graduation (A/RES/68/18 of 4 December 2013)</p>

COUNTRIES RECOMMENDED FOR GRADUATION	ACTION BY THE CDP	ACTION BY ECOSOC	ACTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
TUVALU	<p>2012</p> <p>Recommended for graduation (E/2012/33)</p> <p>2018</p> <p>Recommended that Tuvalu be placed in the category of extremely vulnerable countries to be accorded specific support (E/2018/33)</p>	<p>2012</p> <p>Took note of the CDP recommendation that Tuvalu be graduated and decided to consider this issue at its substantive session of 2013 (E/RES/2012/32 of 27 July 2012)</p> <p>2013</p> <p>Recalled and decided to defer consideration, on exceptional basis, to substantive session of 2015 (E/RES/2013/20 of 24 July 2013)</p> <p>2015</p> <p>Recalled and decided to further defer consideration to substantive session of 2018 (E/RES/2015/11 of 10 June 2015)</p> <p>2018</p> <p>Took note of the CDP recommendation that Tuvalu be placed in a category of countries facing extreme vulnerability to climate change and other environmental shocks, and decided not to endorse that recommendation, and</p> <p>Further took note of the CDP recommendation that Tuvalu be graduated and decided to defer the consideration of that recommendation to no later than 2021 (E/RES/2018/27 of 24 July 2018)</p>	
<p>ANGOLA</p> <p><i>will graduate in 2021</i></p>	<p>2015</p> <p>Recommended for graduation (E/2015/33)</p>	<p>2015</p> <p>Endorsed the CDP recommendation that Angola be graduated and recommended that the GA take note (E/RES/2015/11 of 10 June 2015)</p>	<p>2016</p> <p>Took note of ECOSOC endorsement of CDP recommendation that Angola be graduated and decided to provide Angola, on an exceptional basis, with an <u>additional preparatory period of two years</u> before the start of the 3-year preparatory period leading to graduation (A/RES/70/253 of 12 February 2016)</p>

COUNTRIES RECOMMENDED FOR GRADUATION	ACTION BY THE CDP	ACTION BY ECOSOC	ACTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
BHUTAN <i>will graduate in 2023</i>	2018 Recommended for graduation, found reasonable its request to align graduation date with end of 12 th national development plan in 2023 (E/2018/33)	2018 Endorsed the CDP recommendation that Bhutan be graduated, noted CDP finding and recommended that the GA take note of recommendation and finding (E/RES/2018/27 of 24 July 2018)	2018 Took note of ECOSOC endorsement of CDP recommendation that Bhutan be graduated from the least developed country category, also took note of the CDP's finding, and decided to provide Bhutan, on an exceptional basis, with an <u>additional preparatory period of two years</u> before the start of the 3-year preparatory period leading to graduation (A/73/L.40/Rev.1 adopted 13 December 2018)
SOLOMON ISLANDS <i>will graduate in 2024</i>	2018 Recommended for graduation (E/2018/33)	2018 Endorsed the CDP recommendation that Solomon Islands be graduated and recommended that the GA take note (E/RES/2018/27 of 24 July 2018)	2018 Took note of ECOSOC endorsement of CDP recommendation that Solomon Islands be graduated, and decided to provide Solomon Islands, on an exceptional basis, with an <u>additional preparatory period of three years</u> before the start of the 3-year preparatory period leading to graduation (A/73/L.40/Rev.1 adopted 13 December 2018)
KIRIBATI	2018 Recommended for graduation Further recommended the creation of a category of countries facing extreme vulnerability to climate change and other environmental shocks that entitles them to receive support specifically targeting those vulnerabilities (E/2018/33)	2018 Took note of the CDP recommendation that Kiribati be placed in a category of countries facing extreme vulnerability to climate change and other environmental shocks, and decided not to endorse that recommendation, and Further took note of the CDP recommendation that Kiribati be graduated and decided to defer the consideration of that recommendation to no later than 2021 (E/RES/2018/27 of 24 July 2018)	

COUNTRIES RECOMMENDED FOR GRADUATION	ACTION BY THE CDP	ACTION BY ECOSOC	ACTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
SAO TOME & PRINCIPE <i>will graduate in 2024</i>	2018 Recommended for graduation, found reasonable its request to postpone its effective graduation date to 2024, so as to enable it to enact necessary internal reforms and align its transition strategy with its national development plan (E/2018/33)	2018 Endorsed the CDP recommendation that Sao Tome & Principe be graduated, notes CDP finding and recommended that the GA take note of recommendation and finding (E/RES/2018/27 of 24 July 2018)	2018 Took note of ECOSOC endorsement of CDP recommendation that Sao Tome and Principe be graduated, also took note of the CDP's finding, and decided to provide Sao Tome and Principe, on an exceptional basis, with an <u>additional preparatory period of three years</u> before the start of the three-year preparatory period leading to graduation; (A/73/L.40/Rev.1 adopted 13 December 2018)
NEPAL	2018 Deferred a decision to the 2021 triennial review (E/2018/33)		
TIMOR-LESTE	2018 Deferred a decision to the 2021 triennial review (E/2018/33)		