Outline

• Current status
• Challenges
• Lessons learnt
• Integration of IP into National plans
• financial instruments
• Challenges of accessing financing
• How to ensure a multi stakeholder approach
Current status

- Rapid Assessment and Gap Analysis (RAGA) initially undertaken in 2012 has been revised. A draft updated RAGA is under review.

- The review of the draft Action Agenda submitted in September is ongoing.

- A consultative workshop facilitated by WWF provided feedback on the draft Action Agenda.

- Action Agenda was expected to be completed by end of November, 2016.
What have been the main challenges in preparing the investment prospectus?

- Consultant’s delay and postponement of submissions.
  - Initially scheduled to complete the Action Agenda and Investment Prospectus in July, 2016
  - Draft AA submitted in September, 2016
  - RAGA Submitted in October, 2016, after the AA

- While a quality output is desired, non-adherence to work plan and schedule of activities is hindering the progress on the SE4All Initiative
Supervising the consultant has been a challenge because

1. The Ministry was not involved in the engagement of the consultant

1. The work schedule was not duly agreed on between the ministry and the consultant

2. The ministry was not privy to the contract and its stipulations hence monitoring has been a challenge
Key lessons learnt from this process?

• The implementing institution/country should be involved in the engagement of the consultant

• The focal point/country should be privy to the contents of the contracts

• The work schedule should be agreed upon including milestones
Integration of IP into the national medium and long-term development plans

– The IP has not been developed yet so there has been no integration in terms of the yet to be developed IP

• What are the guiding principles practices for success?
  – Not yet devised in the context of how the IP and National Plan will speak to each other
In the context of the African LDCs, what are the most adequate financial instruments in support of the implementation of sustainable energy projects?

– Own budgetary allocations
– Cooperating partners
– Private institutions
– Climate Investment funds
What are the main challenges for accessing finance to improve access to sustainable energy and to achieve SDG 7 and other global goals on sustainable energy?

- inadequate capacity to draw bankable proposals (Finances accessed competitively)
- Insufficient national statistics vital in the development of proposals
- Lack of national targets
• How the investment plans could better incorporate a multi-stakeholder approach and engage with prospective financiers in regard to investment opportunities?

  – Involvement from the onset through the entire process
  – Open channels for input and
  – Inclusion of the ideas in the IPs
Thank you for your attention!!!!

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